

Chapter

14

The Reformation

Before You Read: Previewing Key Concepts

The red titles throughout the chapter tell you what the text below them will be about. Rewrite these titles as questions that can be answered as you read. The first one is done for you.

What was the Great Schism?

Watch for the answers to your questions as you read.



Big Ideas About the Reformation

Government New ideas and beliefs can challenge a government's authority, leading to change.

During the Reformation, reformers split from the Catholic Church. The split changed Christianity and politics in Europe. Many Protestant churches practiced self-government. This influenced later democratic practices and ideas of federalism.



Integrated Technology

eEdition

- Interactive Maps
- Interactive Visuals
- Starting with a Story



INTERNET RESOURCES

Go to **ClassZone.com** for

- WebQuest
- Homework Helper
- Research Links
- Internet Activities
- Quizzes
- Maps
- Test Practice
- Current Events

EUROPE

WORLD

1300

1305

Clement V becomes pope.

1324

Mansa Musa, king of Mali, begins a pilgrimage to Mecca.

1378
The Great Schism divides the Catholic Church.



1378

1368

◀ Hongwu founds the Ming Dynasty in China. (stoneware Buddha figurine from Ming Dynasty)

1400

1417

The Council of Constance ends the Great Schism.

Christianity in Europe, A.D. 1600

INTERACTIVE



1492

King Ferdinand and Queen Isabella drive the last Muslim rulers out of Spain.

1517

Martin Luther presents his Ninety-Five Theses.

1545

Catholic Church leaders meet at the Council of Trent to define church doctrine.

1453

The Ottomans capture Constantinople.

1556

Akbar becomes sultan of the Mughal Empire. (Akbar's Panch Mahal palace in India) ▶

