LIFE IN A TOTALITARIAN STATE (THE SOVET UNION)

An Age of Totalitarian Control - Stalin created a totalitarian state - form of govt. in which one-party dictatorship regulates every aspect of the lives of its citizens Terror - Stalin's Communist party used secret police, censorship, violent purges, and terror

<u>Propaganda</u> - radios & loudspeakers blared into factories and villages - citizens heard about communist success and the evils of capitalism in movies, theaters, schools, newsreels, and newspapers - *Pravda* (or "Truth") was the Communist party newspaper Changes in Soviet Society - The New Elite - head of society: Communist party members - only a few Soviet citizens could join - included industrial managers, military leaders, scientists, some artists and writers

- they enjoyed special privileges: best apartments in cities, vacation homes in the country, shopped at special stores - good shoes distinguished the elite from the common citizens

<u>The Arts and the State</u> - Stalin forced artists & writers to conform to <u>social realism</u>, an artistic style that tried to boost socialism by showing Soviet life in a positive light

- govt. controlled what books were published, what music was heard, which works of art were displayed artists who ignored Communist guidelines couldn't get materials, work space, or jobs
- writers, artists and composers faced govt. persecution under Stalin's totalitarian policies